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## Second Semester M.Tech. Degree Examination, June/July 2015 Wireless Communication

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks:100

. 111		Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.	2
1	a.	Define fading. Also describe the variations with its types. Indicate the key parameters of the changel	eters in its (10 Marks)
	1.	discrete time base band model for the physical parameters of the channel.  Discuss how to obtain time channel model from continuous time channel model.	,
	b.	explain the system diagram from the base band transmitted symbol $x[m]$ to the	base band
		sampled received signal y[m].	(10 Marks)
		sampled received signar y[m].	(,
2	a.	Derive the detection problem in a Rayleigh fading channel with respect to nor	n-coherent.
		Assume a flat fading model with filter taps.	(10 Marks)
	b.	With a neat block diagram explain basic elements of a direct sequence spread	l spectrum
		(DSSS) systems.	(10 Marks)
3	a.	Explain the OFDM transmission and reception schemes, with relevant expression	ons for the
		cyclic prefix operations.	(10 Marks)
	b.	Explain Alamouti schemes used in transmit diversity with relevant equations.	(10 Marks)
		With the state of	(10 Marks)
4			(10 Marks)
	b.	With a neat figure explain BER driven selection diversity.	(10 Marks)
5	a.	With relevant expressions, explain continuous time AWGN channels.	(10 Marks)
	b.	Explain outage performance of parallel channels.	(10 Marks)
		D' L' C' a la stant hand an among diversity	(10 Marks)
6	a.	Discuss space diversity and systems based on space diversity.	(10 Marks)
	b.	Explain how MIMO differs from smart antenna.	(10 Marks)
7	a.	Explain how to incorporate space time coding in MIMO.	(10 Marks)
	b.	i i came i	so MIMO
		applications in 3G.	(10 Marks)

8 a. What are smart antennas? What are the purpose of using smart antennas?

(10 Marks)

b. With a neat block diagram, explain spatial multiplexing.

(10 Marks)

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-Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

### Second Semester M.Tech. Degree Examination, June/July 2015 RF and Microwave Circuit Design

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

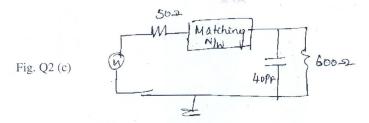
Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions.
2. use of Smith Charts Permitted

- 1 a. Mention the reasons for using RF/Microwaves and briefly discuss all RF/microwave applications. (10 Marks)
  - b. Explain the working of inductor and capacitor at low frequency and high frequency and Design a resonant circuit with a loaded Q = 1.1 at f = 142.4MHz that operates between source resistance of  $100\Omega$  and load resistance of  $100\Omega$ . (10 Marks)
- 2 a. Discuss all the properties of waves.

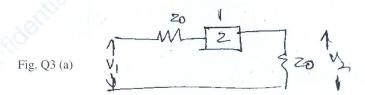
(04 Marks)

- What is the goal of impedance matching and what are different designing methods used for matched circuit for lumped elements and briefly explain the same. (06 Marks)
- c. Design matching networks that will match a source resistance of  $50\Omega$  to a capacitive load at  $f_o = 75 MHz$  for the figure given below the matching circuit should block the DC to the output using resonance method design matching circuit.

(10 Marks)

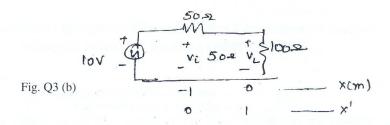


3 a. Discuss all the properties of 'S' parameters and obtain 'S' parameter in terms of Z = Parameter for the circuit below. (10 Marks)

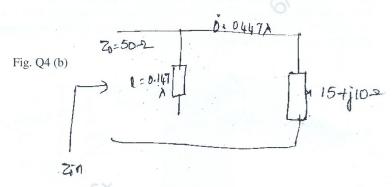


- b. Consider a  $50\Omega$  loseless transmission line of length  $\ell=1$ m connected to a generator operating at f=1GHz and having  $V_g=10V$  with  $Z_g=50\Omega$  at one end and connected to load  $Z_L=100\Omega$  at the other determine
  - i) The Voltage and current at any point on the transmission line.
  - ii) The voltage at the generator Vi and load V<sub>L</sub> ends.
  - iii) The reflection coefficient and VSWR at any point on the line.
  - iv) The average power delivered to the load

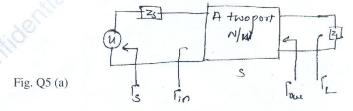
(10 Marks)



- 4 a. Determine the standing wave pattern on a transmission line ( $Z_0 = 50\Omega$ ) terminated in  $Z_L = 100 + j100\Omega$  with an incident voltage of  $V^1 = 1 \lfloor 0^0 \rfloor$  (10 Marks)
  - b. Define stub and what are different types of stub connection. Consider a transmission line  $Z_0$ =  $50\Omega$  terminated in a load  $Z_L$  = 15+j $10\Omega$  as shown in the figure below. Calculate the I/P impedance of the line where the shunt open stub is located at d = 0.044  $\lambda$  from the load and has length  $\ell$  = 0.147 $\lambda$  (10 Marks)



5 a. Define stability in active network and Find the signal flow graph of a two port N/w shown below



And derive expression for  $\lceil_{in} \rceil$  and  $\lceil_{out} \rceil$  using signal flow graph.

(12 Marks)

b. Determine the stability of a GaAs FET that has the following S-parameter at 2GHz in a  $50\Omega$  system both graphically and mathematically (08 Marks)

$$\begin{split} S_{11} &= 0.89 \ \underline{|-60^{\circ}} \\ S_{21} &= 3.1 \ \underline{|123^{\circ}} \\ S_{12} &= 0.02 \ \underline{|62^{\circ}} \\ S_{22} &= 0.78 \ |-27^{\circ} \end{split}$$

6	a.	Show that $F = F_1 + \frac{F_2 - 1}{GA_1}$ for cascade two stage networks.	(10 Marks)
	b.	Define electrical noise and Mention Several types of noise.	(04 Marks)
	c.	Calculate the noise power (indbm) and rms voltage at $T = 290^{\circ}$ K for $R_N = 1 \Omega$ ,	B = 1Hz
			(06 Marks)
7	a. b.	Define mixer. Explain mixer with neat block diagram. Explain one diode (or single ended) mixer.	(10 Marks) (05 Marks)
	c.	Explain down converter mixer, up converter mixer and Harmonic Mixer.	(05 Marks)
8	a.	Define of phase shifter. What are two methods of designing of digital phase shift	
	b.	Wish and Fig. 1 and 11 Co. 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	(05 Marks)
		With a neat diagram describe the working of a switched line phase shifter.	(08 Marks)
	C.	Compare Monolithic MIC and Hybrid MIC.	(07 Marks)

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#### Second Semester M.Tech Degree Examination, June/July 2015 Modern DSP

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

#### Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

a. Determine whether the following signals are periodic. If periodic, determine the fundamental period:

i)  $x(t) = \cos t + \sin \sqrt{2} t$ 

ii)  $x(n) = \cos \left(n\pi/3\right) + \sin \left(n\pi/4\right)$ 

(06 Marks)

b. Explain the concept of frequency in continuous time signals.

(06 Marks)

c. Consider the analog signal  $x_a(t) = 3 \cos 100 \pi t$ .

i) Determine the minimum sampling rate required to avoid aliasing.

- ii) Suppose that the signal is sampled at the rate Fs = 200Hz, what is the discrete time signal obtained after sampling?
- iii) Suppose that the signal is sampled at the rate Fs = 75Hz, what is the discrete time signal obtained after sampling?
- iv) What is the frequency 0 < F < Fs/2 of a sinusoid that yields samples identical to those obtained in part (iii). (08 Marks)
- a. Let x(n) be a finite length sequence with  $x(k) = \{0, 1 + j, 1, 1 j\}$ . Using the properties of DFT. Find DFTs of the following sequences:

i)  $x_1(n) = e^{j\pi/2} x(n)$  ii)  $x_2(n) = \cos(\pi/2^n) x(n)$  iii)  $x_3(n) = x((n-1))4$ 

iv)  $x_4(n) = (0, 0, 1, 0)$  ④ x(n).

(10 Marks)

b. A complex sequence Z(n) with DFT Z(k) is formed as Z(n) = x(n) + iy(n), where x(n) and y(n) are real sequences with corresponding DFTs X(k) and Y(k) respectively.

i) Express X(k) and Y(k) in terms of Z(k).

- ii) Given  $Z(k) = \{12 + j12, 1.414 + j3.414, 0, -0.5858 + j1.414, -1.414 + j0.5858, 0, 1.414 + j0.5858, 0$ -3.414 - 11.414. Compute X(k) and Y(k) using the above relation. (10 Marks)
- By means of DFT and IDFT, determine the response of the FIR filter with impulse response  $h(n) = \{1, 2\}$  to the input sequence  $x(n) = \{1, 2, 3\}$ .
  - Using overlap save method, compute y(n) of a FIR filter with impulse response  $h(n) = \{3, 2, 1,\}$  and input.

 $X(n) = \{2, 1, -1, -2, -3, 5, 6, -1, 2, 0, 2, 1\}$ . Use only 8 - pt circular convolution in your approach. (08 Marks)

- Derive the expression for Energy in terms of the frequency components {X(k)} for a finite duration sequence x(n). (04 Marks)
- a. A filter is to be designed with the following desired frequency response

 $H_d(w) = \begin{cases} 0; & -\pi/4 \leq w_c \leq \pi/4 \\ e^{-j2w}; & \pi/4 < |w_c|\pi \end{cases}. \text{ Find the frequency response of the FIR filter designed}$ 

using a rectangular window defined below

$$W_R(n) = \begin{cases} 1; & 0 \le n \le 4 \\ 0; & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(10 Marks)

b. A LPF has the desired frequency response

 $H_d(w) = H_d(e^{jw}) = \begin{cases} e^{-j3w}; & 0 \le w < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 0; & \frac{\pi}{2} < w < \pi \end{cases}. \text{ Determine } h(n) \text{ based on frequency sampling}$ 

technique. Take N = 7.

(10 Marks)

a. Design a digital low pass Chebyshev Type – 1 filter to meet the following specifications.  $0.707 \le |H(e^{jw})| \le 1$ ;  $0 \le w \le 0.2\pi$  rads (10 Marks)

 $\mid H(ejw) \mid \le 0.1$ ;  $0.5\pi \le w \le \pi$  rads. Use Bilinear transformation.

b. Derive the S to Z plane transformation based on finite backward difference method. Also show that the entire left half of S - plane is mapped inside the smaller circle of radius ½ at  $Z = \frac{1}{2}$  inside the unit circle in the Z – plane.

c. For the given specifications,  $K_p = 3dB$ ,  $K_s = 16 dB$ ,  $f_p = 1 \text{ KHz}$  and  $f_s = 2 \text{KHz}$ . Show that the order of the Butter worth analog filter is more than the Chebyshev Type – I filter.

(04 Marks)

a. Explain the sampling rate conversion by a factor D.

(06 Marks)

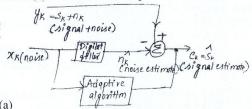
b. Consider an arbitrary digital filter transfer function

 $H(Z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} h(n) Z^{-n}$ . Perform a two component polyphase decomposition of H(Z). Thus

show that H(Z) can be expressed as  $H(Z) = H_0(Z^2) + Z^{-1}H_1(Z^2)$ .

(04 Marks)

- c. Obtain the direct form realization of sampling rate conversion by a factor I/D. Mention advantages and disadvantages of it. (10 Marks)
- a. The estimate of the desired signal at the output of an adaptive noise canceller as shown in fig. Q7(a) is given by  $\hat{S}_k = Y_k - \hat{n}_k = S_k + n_k - \hat{n}_k$ . Show that minimizing the total power at the output of the cancellor maximizes the output SNR ratio. (08 Marks)



b. Write a note on Trans multiplexer.

(12 Marks)

Explain Linear predictive coding of speed signals.

(10 Marks)

b. Explain the RLS algorithm and mention their properties and advantages over LMS (10 Marks) algorithm.

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# Second Semester M.Tech Degree Examination, June/July 2015 **Optical Communication and Networking**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

	Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.	
1	<ul><li>a. Discuss the wave approach for the propagation of light through the fiber.</li><li>b. Explain the operation of laser, with neat diagram.</li><li>c. What are graded index fibers?</li></ul>	(10 Marks) (08 Marks) (02 Marks)
2	<ul> <li>a. Explain the function and principle of operation of the following: <ol> <li>i) Gratings</li> <li>ii) Mach – Zehender Interferometer.</li> </ol> </li> <li>b. What are the key characteristics of optical filtering systems?</li> <li>c. What is a directional coupler? Mention its applications.</li> </ul>	(12 Marks) (05 Marks) (03 Marks)
3	<ul> <li>a. With neat block diagram, explain blocks involved in receiver. List the various r block and explain.</li> <li>b. Estimate the error rate of an ideal receiver.</li> <li>c. Write a note on coherent detection.</li> </ul>	noise in each (12 Marks) (04 Marks) (04 Marks)
4	<ul> <li>b. Explain gain equalization in EDFAs.</li> <li>c. Discuss chromatic dispersion limits in NRZ modulation scheme.</li> </ul>	(08 Marks) (05 Marks) (07 Marks)
5	<ul><li>a. Write a note on: i) ESCON ii) HIPPI.</li><li>b. Explain in brief adaptation layers in ATM.</li><li>c. Briefly explain layer and multiplexing scheme in SONET.</li></ul>	(06 Marks) (04 Marks) (10 Marks)
6	<ul><li>a. Discuss in brief wavelength conversion.</li><li>b. Explain with neat diagrams, OADM architectures. What is the necessity of recOADM?</li></ul>	(08 Marks) configurable (12 Marks)
7	<ul><li>a. Discuss various network management functions.</li><li>b. With neat diagrams, explain how connection management protocols interact layers of the optical layer.</li></ul>	(10 Marks) with client (10 Marks)
8	Write short notes on the following:  a. Alarm Management.  b. QOS in ATM network standard. c. Subcarrier modulation. d. Erbium doped filter amplifier.	(20 Marks)

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# Second Semester M.Tech. Degree Examination, June/July 2015 Advanced Embedded Systems

Time: 3 hrs.

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

Max. Marks:100

- a. What is memory shadowing? What is its advantage? (04 Marks)
   b. Explain the sequence of operation for communicating with a 1-wire slave device. (08 Marks)
  - c. Explain the sequence of operation for communicating with a 1-wire slave device. (08 Marks)

    (08 Marks)
- a. Explain the product life cycle curve of an embedded product development. Calculate the availability of he product if its meantime between failure is 4 months and the meantime to Repair is 2 weeks.
  - b. Explain the different characteristics of an embedded system. (10 Marks)
- a. What is state and state machine? Explain FSM for Automatic Tea/Coffee vending machine. (10 Marks)
  - b. Explain use case diagram and sequence diagram of UML with an example. (10 Marks)
- 4 a. What is Inline Assembly? Give examples for situations demanding mixing of 'C' with assembly language. (10 Marks)
  - What is modular programming? When it is employed? Explain Assembly language to machine language conversion process. (10 Marks)
- a. Explain the handling of priority Inversion problem with priority Ceiling. (10 Marks)
  - b. Three processes with process ID's P<sub>1</sub>, P<sub>2</sub>, P<sub>3</sub> with estimated completion time 10, 5, 7 milliseconds respectively enters the ready queue together. A new process P<sub>4</sub> with estimated completion time 2 milliseconds enters the ready queue after 2 milli seconds of execution of P<sub>2</sub>. Calculate waiting time, Turn around time for each process and average waiting time and average turn around time SJF algorithm. Assume all the processes contain only CPU operation and no I/O operations are involved. (10 Marks)
- 6 a. Explain the different functional and non-functional requirements that needs to be evaluated in the selection of RTOS. (10 Marks)
  - b. Explain the concept of memory mapped object for Inter process communication. (10 Marks)
- Explain monitor program based firmware debugging and In circuit Emulated based firmware debugging in detail. (10 Marks)
  - b. Explain the various elements of an embedded system development environment. (10 Marks)
- 8 Write brief notes on
  - a) Open moko
  - b) Java for embedded development
  - c) Embedded OS trends
  - d) Chip level multiprocessor.

(20 Marks)

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