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USN Sixth Semester B.E. Deg

Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2011 Unix Systems Programming

Time: 3 hrs.

Tin	ne:		farks:100
		Note: Answer FIVE full questions selecting	
		at least TWO questions from each part.	
		PART – A	
1	a.	What are the major differences between ANSI "C" and K and R "C"? Exexamples.	xplain with
	b.	What do you understand by the term feature test macros? List all the five f	eatures test
		macros along with their meanings.	(06 Marks)
	c.	Write a C++ program to list the actual values of the following system configuration a given unix OS.	on limits on
		i) Maximum number of child process that can be created.	
		ii) Minimum number of files that can be opened simultaneously.	
		iii) Number of clock ticks.	(06 Marks)
2	a.	What are the API common characteristics? List any five values of the global var	riable errno
		along with their meanings whenever API's fail.	(06 Marks)
	b.	List and explain the different file types available in unix.	(08 Marks)
	c.	Describe the unix kernel support files.	(06 Marks)
3	a.	Explain the following API's with prototypes:	
		i) Open ; ii) Lseek ; iii) Stat ; iv) Read.	(08 Marks)
	b.	Write a C++ program to implement following unix commands i) ln; ii) mv	(08 Marks)
	C.	Bring out the differences between hardlink and symbolic link.	(04 Marks)
4	a.		,
7	и.	What are the different ways for a process to terminate? Explain exit, -exit, atex with its prototypes.	
	b.	Explain the memory layout of a C program with a neat diagram.	(08 Marks)
	c.	Explain getrlimit and setrlimit functions with prototype. Mention the three rules	(06 Marks)
		the resource limits. Give four resource values.	(06 Marks)
-		PART-B	
5	a. b.	What is fork and vfork? Explain with an example program for each. What is zombic process? Write a C program to avoid zombic process by forking to	
	c.	List the six different forms of exec API's. Write a program that exec's a program	(06 Marks)
		display all the command line and environment variables.	(06 Marks)
6	a.	What is a signal? Mention the different sources of signals. Discuss any four POS	IX defined
	h	signals. Write a program to setup signal handler for SIGINT and SIGALARM.	(08 Marks)
	b. с.	What is Daemon? Discuss the basic coding rules.	(08 Marks)
	C.	What is job control? What are three forms of support from the OS required for jo	
7	a.	What are pipes? What are their limitations? Write a program to send data from	(04 Marks)
		child over a pipe.	(06 Marks)
	b.	What is FIFO? Explain how FIFO can be used to implement client server common to the common server common server.	nunication
		model with an example.	(06 Marks)
	c.	What are the different system calls available to create and manipulate semaphores	? Explain. (08 Marks)
8	a.	What is socket? Discuss how to create and destroy a socket.	(08 Marks)
	b.	Write short notes on: i) Race condition; ii) Network login; iii) Message queues.	(12 Marks)

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Important Note: I. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

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Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2011

Compiler Design

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART-A

- Discuss the various phases of a compiler. Show the translation for an assignment statement: position = initial + rate * 60. Clearly indicate the output of each phase.
 - Why buffering is required while recognizing lexemes? Explain how sentinels are handled using buffers. (08 Marks)
- Give a formal definition of a CFG. Design a CFG for a simple arithmetic expression.
 - b. Define the terms: i) Left recursion

(06 Marks)

ii) Left factorization.

(06 Marks)

c. Define FIRST and FOLLOW rules used in predictive parsing technique.

(08 Marks)

a. What is meant by handle pruning? Show the working of a shift reduce parser for accepting id₁ * id₂, considering the grammar:

$$E \rightarrow E + T/T$$

$$T \rightarrow T * F/F$$

$$F \rightarrow id$$

(08 Marks)

b. What is the meaning of 'L' and 'R' in LR grammars? Why LR parsing is attractive?

(04 Marks)

c. Construct LR(0) items for the grammar:

$$E \rightarrow E + T/T$$

$$T \rightarrow T * F / F$$

$$F \rightarrow (F)/id$$

$$F \rightarrow (E)/id$$

(08 Marks)

a. Construct canonical LR(1) items for the augmented grammar:

$$S' \rightarrow S$$

$$S \rightarrow CC$$

$$C \rightarrow cC/d$$

(10 Marks)

b. How LALR parsing table is constructed? Develop an algorithm for the same.

(10 Marks)

PART-B

- a. Define a syntax directed definition. Give SDD for simple type declaration including int and float types. (08 Marks)
 - b. Construct a dependency graph for the declaration float id1, id2, id3.

(06 Marks)

c. Define inherited and synthesized attributes. Give examples for each.

(06 Marks)

- 6 a. Explain how DAGs will help in intermediate code generation? Construct a DAG and a three-address-code for the expression a + a * (b-c) + (b-c) * d. (12 Marks)
 - b. For an array 'a' of size 2 × 3 of integers, assume the width of an integer as 4, derive 3-address code for a [i] [j]. (08 Marks)
- a. Discuss the general structure of activation record.
 b. What is meant by calling sequence and return sequence? List calling sequence design principles.
 c. Write a note on Garbage collection.
 (08 Marks)
 (08 Marks)
 (08 Marks)
 (04 Marks)
- a. List and explain design issues of a code generator. (10 Marks)
 b. With an example, explain common subexpression and dead code elimination methods. (10 Marks)

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Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2011 Computer Networks - II

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks:100 Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, Selecting atleast TWO questions from each part. PART-A

- 1 a. Distinguish between connectionless packet switching and virtual circuit packet switching.
 - Consider the network in Fig. Q1(b). Use the Bellman Ford algorithm to find the shortest paths from all the rodes to the destination node 2. (05 Marks)

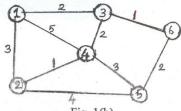


Fig. 1(b)

- c. Explain briefly the structure of a generic packet switch, with the help of a diagram. (07 Marks)
- a. Discuss the different FIFO techniques briefly.
 - A host in an organization has an IP address 150.32.64.34 and a salent mask 255.255.240.0. What is the address of this sulenet? What is the range of IP addresses that a host can have on this sulenet? (05 Marks)
 - With the help of a diagram, explain the token bucket traffic shaper for congestion control. (07 Marks)
- Give any four differences between IPV4 and IPV6. (04 Marks)
 - Explain the significance of the following fields in the TCP segment.
 - i) Sequence ii) Acknowledgement number iii) Checksum iv) Window size. (08 Marks)
 - Discuss in detail, the Routing information protocol. (08 Marks)
- Briefly explain the packet formats and functionalities of AAL 3/4. (12 Marks)
 - Discuss the UNI signaling in ATM network, with an example. (08 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. Explain the secret key and public key cryptographic systems, with relevant block diagrams. (06 Marks)
 - b. Apply RSA algorithm for the following:
 - i) Encrypt the plain tent P = 25 for p = 7, q = 11, e = 17
 - ii) Find the value of d and decrypt the ciphertext.
 - (06 Marks) What is SNMP? Discuss the interactions between the SNMP management station and SNMP
 - (08 Marks)
- What is MPLS? Explain how the packets are forwarded using MPLS.
 - (06 Marks) Discuss the differentiated services QoS approach. (08 Marks)
- Write a note on virtual private networks.

(06 Marks)

(10 Marks)

- Explain the session initiation protocol, in detail. (10 Marks)
- Discuss the Huffman encoding technique. (10 Marks)
- a. Explain the DSDV protocol for mobile Ad HoC networks. (10 Marks)
 - Describe the DEEP clustering protocol for wireless sensor networks.

		Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2011
		Computer Graphics and Visualization
Tiı	me:	3 hrs. Max. Marks:100
		Note: Answer any FIVE full questions. selecting atleast TWO questions from each Part.
		PART – A
1	a.	What do you mean by a pipeline architecture? With neat diagram, explain each components of geometric pipeline. (10 Marks)
	b.	What is a graphics system? With neat block diagram describe major components of a graphics system. (10 Marks)
2	a.	Write a complete openGL program for creating 3D sierpinski gasket by subdivision of a tetrachedron. (10 Marks)
	b. с.	Classify the major groups of API functions in OpenGL? Explain any four of them. (06 Marks) What is an attribute with respect to graphics system? List attributes for lines and polygons. (04 Marks)
3	a.	What is the necessity of programming event-driven input? Describe window events and keyboard events. (10 Marks)
	b.	What are the features that a good interactive program should include? Describe an OpenGL animating interactive program for the rotating square. (10 Marks)
4	a.	In a homogeneous coordinate system given two frames (v_1, v_2, v_3, P_0) and (u_1, u_2, u_3, Q_0) . Let a and b be two vectors defined in two frames respectively. Derive the expression that
	b.	represents vector b interms of a. (08 Marks) Along with necessary program segments, explain the modeling of colored cube and bilinear

PART-B

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- What is concatenation of transformations? Derive concatenated final matrix M for rotating a 3D object about a fixed point.
 - b. Consider a 3D cube object, with fixed point is at the centre of the cube and angle of rotation θ about an arbitrary axis defined by two prints P_1 and P_2 defining the vector u. Find the final rotation matrix R.
- a. Describe flat shading, interpolative and ground shading. θ (10 Marks)
 - b. With necessary OpenGL program, explain the approximation of sphere by recursive subdivision of a 3D tetrahedron. (10 Marks)
- a. Give differences between object space and image space methods for hidden surface removal? Describe any one method that uses image space for hidden surface removal.(10 Marks)
 - b. What are four basic types of light sources? Explain each. (10 Marks)
- What is the necessity of scan conversion? Describe the digital differential analyzer algorithm for scan conversion of a line segment.
 - b. Explain in brief, various display considerations with respect to conversion from vertices to fragments. (10 Marks)

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interpolation.

Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2011 Operations Research

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART-A

1 a. What are the different phases of OR? Explain them briefly.

(08 Marks)

b. Define the following with reference to LPP

i) Unbounded solution. ii) Feasible solution. iii) Slack Variable.

(04 Marks)

c. ABC firm manufactures three products P₁, P₂ and P₃. The profits are Rs. 30, Rs. 20 and Rs. 40 respectively. The firm has two machines M1 and M2 and requires processing time in minutes for each machine on each product and total machine available minutes on each machine are given below.

Machine	Machine	e minutes	Total machine	
Machine	P1	P2	P3	minutes available
M1	4	3	5	2000
M2	2	2	4	2500

The firm must manufacture at least 100 P₁'s and 200 P₂'s and 50 P₃'s but not more than 150 P₁'s. Setup LP model to solve by simplex method. (08 Marks)

2 a. Briefly explain assumptions required in Linear programming models.

(05 Marks)

b. Use graphical method to solve the following:

Maximize
$$z = x_1 + \frac{x_2}{2}$$

subject to $3x_1 + 2x_2 \le 12$

(12 Marks)

$$5x_1 \le 10, \quad x_1 + x_2 \le 18$$

$$-x_1 + x_2 \ge 4$$
, x_1 and $x_2 \ge 0$

c. Why is simplex method a better technique than graphical for most real case? Explain

(03 Marks)

a. Explain the concept of degeneracy in simplex method.

(04 Marks)

b. Use penalty method to solve the following LPP

Minimize $z = 5x_1 + 3x_2$

Subject to
$$2x_1 + 4x_2 \le 12$$

$$2x_1 + 2x_2 = 10, \quad 5x_1 + 2x_2 \ge 10$$

$$x_1$$
 and $x_2 \ge 0$

(16 Marks)

4 a. Construct the dual problem for the following LPP

Maximize
$$Z = 16x_1 + 14x_2 + 36x_3 + 6x_4$$

Subject to
$$14x_1 + 4x_2 + 14x_3 + 8x_4 = 21$$
; $13x_1 + 17x_2 + 80x_3 + 2x_4 \le 48$

$$x_1, x_2 \ge 0$$
; x_3 ; x_4 unrestricted.

(06 Marks)

b. Use revised simplex method to solve the following LPP

Maximize $z = x_1 + 2x_2$

subject to
$$x_1 + x_2 \le 3$$
, $x_1 + 2x_2 \le 5$

(14 Marks)

$$3x_1 + x_2 \le 6$$
, $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$

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PART - B

5 a. Briefly discuss about sensitivity analysis.

b. Find the maximum of $z = 6x_1 + 8x_2$

(06 Marks)

subject to $5x_1 + 2x_2 \le 20$

 $x_1 + 2x_2 \le 10$

 $x_1 & x_2 \ge 0$

by solving its dual problem using simplex method.

(14 Marks)

6 a. Define feasible solution, basic feasible solution, non-degenerate solution and optimal solution in a Transportation problem.

b. A product is produced by 4 factories F₁, F₂, F₃ and F₄. Their unit production costs are Rs. 2, 3, 1 and 5 respectively. Production capacity of the factories are 50, 70, 30 and 50 units respectively. The product is supplied to 4 stores S₁, S₂, S₃ and S₄, the requirements of which are 25, 35, 105 and 20 respectively. Unit costs of transportation are given below.

Stores Factories	S ₁	S ₂	S ₃	S ₄
F ₁	2	4	6	11
F ₂	10	8	7	5
F ₃	13	3	9	12
F ₄	4	6	8	3

Find the transportation plan such that the total production and transportation cost is minimum.

(14 Marks)

7 a. Solve the following assignment problem. If it is treated as a salesman problem and the cell entries represent cost in rupees, find the least cost route such that salesman does not visit any city twice.

-	A	В	C	D	E
A		2	5	7	1
В	6	-	3	8	2
C	8	7	_	4	7
D	12	4	6	_	5
E	1	3	2	8	_

(14 Marks)

b. Explain the following

- i) Minimax and Maximin principles.
- ii) Pure and Mixed strategies.
- iii) Two persons zero sum game.

(06 Marks)

3 a. Write a brief note on Tabu search algorithm.

(04 Marks)

b. Reduce the following $(2 \times n)$ game to (2×2) game by graphical method and hence solve.

				В		-
		I	II	III	IV	V
Λ	I	2	-1	5	-2	6
A	II	-2	4	-3	1	0

(08 Marks)

c. A news paper boy has the following probabilities of selling a magazine

No. of copies sold 10 11 12 13 14

Probability 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.25 0.30

Cost of a copy is 30 paise and sale price is 50 paise. He can not return unsold copies. How many copies should he order?

(08 Marks)