

 $\{0^m \ 1^m \ 2^n \mid m \ge 1 \ \xi \ n \ge 0\}$. Justify the answer. iii)

1 of 3

(10 Marks)

b. Define Left recursion and left factoring. Also remove the left recursion and left factoring for the Grammar $E \rightarrow E + T \mid T$

OR

 $T \rightarrow id \mid id [] \mid id [X]$ $X \rightarrow E, E \mid E.$

(10 Marks)

(10 Marks)

Define Ambiguous grammar. Show that the following in ambiguous. 6 a.

S→içtsliçtsesla G→b for the shing ibtibtae

- b. Consider the grammar

 $E \rightarrow T E'$ $E' \rightarrow + TE' \mid \in$ $T \rightarrow F T'$

 $T' \rightarrow * F T' \mid \in$

 $F \rightarrow (E) \mid id$

- Compute FIRST and Follow sets. i)
- ii) Using FIRST and Follow sets construct the Predictive LL (1) parsing table. (10 Marks)

Module-4

- Define Non Deterministic Pushdown Automata. Construct an NPDA for the Language 7 a. $L = \{W \in (a, b)^* : n_a(w) = n_b(w)\}$ and draw the transition diagram. (10 Marks)
 - b. Define Handle and Handle Pruning. For the following grammar perform shift reduce for the string $id_1 + id_2 * id_3$.
 - $E \rightarrow E + E$ $E \rightarrow E * E$

 $E \rightarrow (E)$

 $E \rightarrow id$.

(10 Marks)

- OR
- Define Instantaneous Description in Pushow down Automata. Construct an NPDA for the 8 a. Language L = { WCW^R : $W \in (a, b)^*$ }. (10 Marks)
 - b. Consider the Grammar.
 - $S \rightarrow L = R | R$
 - $L \rightarrow R \mid id$ $R \rightarrow L$
 - Verify the grammar is SLR (1) or not through the suitable parsing table. (10 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 Define Turing Machine. Construct a Turing Machine to recognize the Language. $L = \{a^n b^n : W \in \{a, b\}^* n \ge 1\}.$
 - (10 Marks)
 - Write the SDD for the grammar. Also construct the Annotated Parse tree for 5 * 6 + 7; b.

 $S \rightarrow EN$ $E \rightarrow E + T$ $E \rightarrow E - T$ $E \rightarrow T$ $T \rightarrow T * F$ $T \rightarrow T / F$ $T \rightarrow F$ $F \rightarrow (E)$ $F \rightarrow digit$

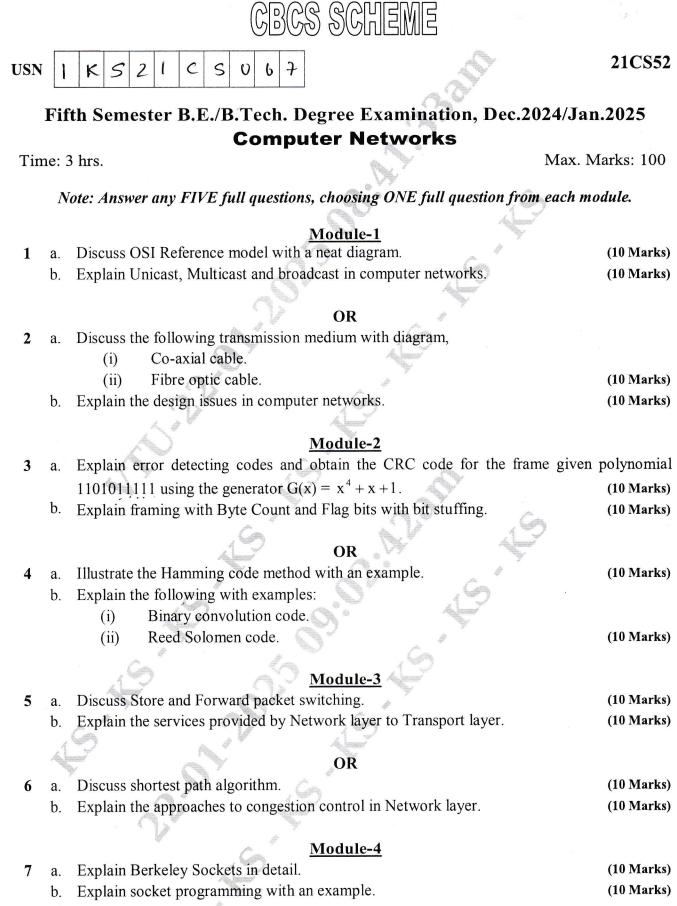
OR

- 10 Construct a Turing Machine to recognize the Language. a. $L = \{0^n \ 1^n \ 2^n \mid n \ge 1\}$ and trace the string $0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 1 \ 2 \ 2_n$
 - (12 Marks) b. For the Grammar construct the SDD and the annotated parse tree for the string 3 * 5 * 4 and Le changes show the Evaluation order.

19

 $T \rightarrow FT'$ $T' \rightarrow * FT'$ $T' \to \in$ $F \rightarrow digit.$

(08 Marks)



1 of 2

Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

OR

		J.	
8	a.	Explain TCP protocol with TCP segment header.	(10 Marks)
	b.	Explain TCP connection establishment and TCP connection release with code sr	ippet.
			(10 Marks)
		Module-5	
9	a.	Explain the process communication in the Application layer.	(10 Marks)
	b.	Discuss the Transport services provided by the Internet.	(10 Marks)

OR

		OR	
10	a.	Explain the web and HTTP with Request response behaviour.	(10 Marks)
	b.	Discuss the Electronic Mail in the Internet.	(10 Marks)

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	Fifth Semester B.E./B.Tech. Degree Examination, Dec.2024/Ja Database Management Systems	n.2025
Ti		Marks: 100
	Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each m	odule.
1	a. Explain in detail the characteristics of database approach.	(08 Marks)
	 b. Define the following terms and also give example : i) Database ii) DBMS 	(04 Marks)
	c. List and explain the advantages of using DBMS Approach.	(08 Marks)
	OR	
2	a. Explain cardinality ratio and participation constraints along with an example.	(06 Marks)
	b. With a neat diagram explain the three schema architecture.	(06 Marks)
	c. Draw an ER diagram for library database by considering at least 5 entities.	(08 Marks)
	Module-2	
3	a. Explain in detail characteristics of Relations.	(06 Marks)
	b. Discuss different types of update operations on relational database. Also give an	example. (06 Marks)
	c. Write a note on Natural join and division operation.	(08 Marks)
4	a. Consider the 2 tables. Show the result of the following :	
	R_1 R_2	
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	25 L 16 28 1 4	
	(i) $R_1 \bowtie R_2$ (ii) $R_1 \ggg R_2$	
	$(R_1 \cdot a_1 = R_2 \cdot b_1)$ $(R_1 \cdot a_1 = R_2 \cdot b_1)$	
	(i) $R_1 \bowtie R_2$ $(R_1 \cdot a_1 = R_2 \cdot b_1)$ (ii) $R_1 \bowtie R_2$ (iii) $R_1 \bowtie R_2$ (iv) $R_1 \bowtie R_2$	
	$(R_1, a_1 = R_2, b_1)$ $(R_1, a_1 = R_2, b_1)$	6
		(00 35 1)

With an example explain steps of ER to Relational Mapping algorithm. b.

(08 Marks) (12 Marks)

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CBCS SCHEME

(06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

Module-3

5 a. For the following Database schema.

Employee (Fname, Minit, Lname, <u>SSN</u>, Bdate, Address, Salary, SuperSSN, DNo) Department(DName, <u>Dno</u>, Mgr SSN, Mgr Startdate)

Dept Locations(Dno, Dlocation)

Project(PName, Prj no, Plocation, Dnum)

Works_on(ESSN, Prj_no, Hours)

9

Dependent(ESSN, DependentName, Sex, Bdate, Relationship)

Write SQL Queries for the following :

- (i) Find sum_of_salaries of all employees who work in Dept No 10, average salaries of all employees who work in Dept No 10.
- (ii) List all employees who do not have any dependent.
- (iii) For each project, retrieve the project number and the number of employees who work on that project.
- (iv) Make list of all project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is 'Kumar'. (08 Marks)
- b. Write command that is used for table creation. Explain how primary key, foreign key are specified in SQL during table creation with suitable example. (06 Marks)
- c. Explain view in SQL, with suitable example.

OR

6	a.	Explain stored procedures in SQL with example.	(06 Marks)
	b.	How triggers are defined in SQL? Explain with an example.	(06 Marks)
	c.	Write a note on : (i) Cursor (ii) Assertions	(08 Marks)
			````

#### Module-4

- 7 a. List and explain the informal Design guidelines for relation schemas. (08 Marks)
  b. Define the following :
  - (i) Functional dependency (ii) Key (iii) Superkey (iv) Prime attribute (06 Marks)
    c. For the given schema, discuss the 3 main techniques to achieve first normal form.

DName DN	o Dongr-SSN	Diocation	
10	1		
201	OR	4	(06 Marks)

8 a. Explain in detail 2nd Normal form and 3rd Normal form along with example. (08 Marks)
 b. Write an algorithm for determining X⁺, the closure of X under F. Give an example.

c. Write a note on 4th Normal form.

#### Module-5

- a. Define Transaction. Discuss ACID properties. (06 Marks)
  b. With neat diagram explain transition diagram of a transaction. (06 Marks)
  - c. Explain the Lost Update problem and Temporary update problem with respect to concurrent transaction execution. (08 Marks)

OR

- 10a. Briefly discuss 2-phase locking techniques for concurrency control.(10 Marks)b. Write a note on :
  - i) Deadlock prevention protocols ii) Basic Timestamp ordering algorithm (10 Marks)

2 of 2

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

### Fifth Semester B.E./B.Tech. Degree Examination, Dec.2024/Jan.2025 Principles of Artificial Intelligence

GBGS SGHEME

Time: 3 hrs.

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1

Max. Marks: 100

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### Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- a. What are the four categories used to define Artificial Intelligence. Briefly explain each of them. (10 Marks)
- b. What is an agent? How agent interacts with environment? Give few examples for agents.
  - (05 Marks)
- c. Write the PEAS description for automated taxi agent. (05 Marks)

### OR

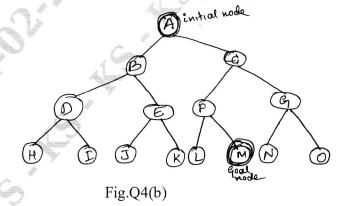
- 2 a. What is an intelligent agent? What are the different types of intelligent agent? Briefly explain each of them. (10 Marks)
  - b. Classify the environments based on their properties and characteristics. Briefly explain any five environments. (10 Marks)

### Module-2

- 3 a. Define problem-solving agent. What is the primary objective of the problem-solving agents? (07 Marks)
  - b. Draw solution for vacuum cleaner world using state transition diagram. (07 Marks)
  - c. Write the general description of graph-search algorithms. (06 Marks)

### OR

- 4 a. Explain any four uninformed search strategies provide examples to each of them. (10 Marks)
  - b. Write all the states of the tree to find out the path for the following Depth-First-Search tree with the initial node A and goal node M. [Refer Fig.Q4(b)]



### (05 Marks)

c. Define infrastructures of search algorithms and also explain how to evaluate the performance of search algorithms. (05 Marks)

# Module-3

Module-3         5       a. Define Heuristic search strategies. Explain A'search with suitable example.       (08 Mark         b. Explain Greedy Breadth First search, with an example.       (08 Mark         c. Explain heuristic function with respect to 8-puzzle problem.       (04 Mark         6       a. Define the following :       (01 Mark         (1) Knowledge base       (11) Knowledge base agents       (11) Levels of knowledge base agents         (07 Mark       (07 Mark         b. Write the PEAS description for WUMPUS world task environment.       (07 Mark         c. Define the following propositional logic:       (10 Mark         (1) Syntax       (11) Semantics       (06 Mark         7       a. Explain the symbols and interpretations of First Order Logic.       (06 Mark         b. Explain the following with respect to first order logic:       (10 Mark         (1) Terms       (11) Atomic sentences       (11) Complex sentences	
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<ul> <li>5 a. Define Heuristic search strategies. Explain A* search with suitable example. (08 Mark b. Explain Greedy Breadth First search, with an example. (08 Mark c. Explain heuristic function with respect to 8-puzzle problem. (04 Mark 64 Mark 64 Mark 65 Mark 66 Mark 66 Mark 67 Mark</li></ul>	)4
<ul> <li>5 a. Define Heuristic search strategies. Explain A* search with suitable example. (08 Mark b. Explain Greedy Breadth First search, with an example. (08 Mark c. Explain heuristic function with respect to 8-puzzle problem. (04 Mark 64 Mark 64 Mark 65 Mark 66 Mark 66 Mark 67 Mark</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>b. Explain Greedy Breadth First search, with an example. (08 Mark</li> <li>c. Explain heuristic function with respect to 8-puzzle problem. (04 Mark</li> <li>OR</li> <li>6 a. Define the following : <ul> <li>(i) Knowledge base</li> <li>(ii) Knowledge base agents</li> <li>(iii) Levels of knowledge base agent (07 Mark</li> </ul> </li> <li>b. Write the PEAS description for WUMPUS world task environment. (07 Mark</li> <li>b. Write the following propositional logic: <ul> <li>(i) Syntax</li> <li>(ii) Semantics</li> </ul> </li> <li>7 a. Explain the symbols and interpretations of First Order Logic. (06 Mark</li> <li>b. Explain the following with respect to first order logic: <ul> <li>(i) Terms</li> <li>(ii) Atomic sentences</li> <li>(iii) Complex sentences</li> <li>(iv) Qualifiers</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
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<ul> <li>6 a. Define the following : <ul> <li>(i) Knowledge base</li> <li>(ii) Knowledge base agents</li> <li>(iii) Levels of knowledge base agent</li> <li>(07 Mark 0. 07 Mark 0. 07 Mark 0. 07 Mark 0. 06 Mark 0. 000 M</li></ul></li></ul>	(S)
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(i) Terms (ii) Atomic sentences (iii) Complex sentences (iv) Qualifiers	(s)
	(S)
c. Define the sets, numbers and list with respect to first order logic. (04 Mark	
8 a. Explain the inference rule for qualifiers of inference in first order logic. (05 Mark	(S)
b. Define Unification and Lifting (08 Mark	
c. Explain forward and backward chaining with example. (07 Mark	(s)
Module-5	
9 a. Explain how the agent acting under uncertainty? Explain uncertainty for dental patie	
toothache diagnosis problem. (10 Mark	
b. Discuss how uncertainty is modeled in WUMPUS world and how probabilistic reasoning enhances the decision making in such environments. (10 Mark	
	,
<b>OR</b> <b>10</b> a. State Baye's rule. Write the Baye's rule for multivalued variable. (05 Mark	(2)
b. Explain agents use the basic probability notations to handle uncertainty. (05 Mark	
c. Briefly explain Full Joint Distribution. (05 Mark	
d. With an example explain the events that are independent on probability calculations.	,
(05 Mark	:s)
* * * * *	
2 of 2	



### Fifth Semester B.E./B.Tech. Degree Examination, Dec.2024/Jan.2025 **Research Methodology and Intellectual Property Rights**

#### Time: 3 hrs.

1

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

### Module-1

Give various definitions of research explaining its meaning and scope. Explain the objective a. and motivation in Engineering research. (08 Marks) Describe the steps involved in research process with neat diagram. (06 Marks) b. What is ethics in Engineering research? Why it is important. (06 Marks) C.

#### OR

- What is research problem? Define the main issues which should receive the attention of the 2 a. research in formulating the research problem. (08 Marks)
  - Discuss in detail various types of research. (06 Marks) b. (06 Marks)
  - Describe different types of research misconduct. C.

### **Module-2**

- Discuss the importance of critical literature review and its uses in planning innovation 3 a. research. (06 Marks)
  - Explain the concept of knowledge flow though citation. How collaborations certainly impact b. citation counts? Explain. (08 Marks)
  - Write short notes on : C.
    - i) Google and Google scholar
    - ii) Acknowledgment and Attributions

### OR

- Analyze the following terms which do not fulfill the actual goal of citations and 4 a. i) Spurious citations acknowledgements. ii) Biased citations iii) Self citations iv) Coercive citations. (08 Marks)
  - What are the things author should acknowledge? b.
  - Elaborate on the following : c.
    - i) Technical reading
    - ii) Critical and creative reading.

### Module-3

- What are Intellectual Property Rights? Explain the necessity of it. (06 Marks) a. Differentiate between invention and Innovation. What is a Patent? What are the criteria of b. (08 Marks) patentability?
  - Enumerate the procedure for application preparation filing and grant of patents. (06 Marks) C.

### OR

- List and explain in detail about various types of Intellectual property rights. (08 Marks) 6 a. (06 Marks) b.
  - Explain in detail about the infringement of patents.
  - What types of invention are not patentable in India? C.

5

(06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

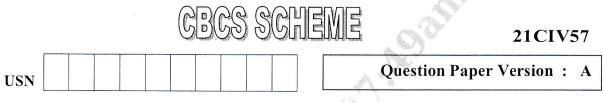
(06 Marks)

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### Module-4

7	a. b.	What is Copyright? Explain classes, criteria and ownership of copyright. Discuss about the copyright ownership issues.	(08 Marks)
	с.	Describe the process involved in the registration of a trademark.	(06 Marks) (06 Marks)
			(************************
8	a.	Enumerate the procedure for registration of copyright.	
	b.	Explain about the Trademark and rights from trademarks registration.	(08 Marks) (06 Marks)
	c.	Explain about types of Trademarks registered in India.	(06 Marks)
		Module-5	
9	a.	How can industrial designs be protected?	(06 Marks)
	b.	What is a geographical indication? Explain the following with respect to GI.	
		<ul><li>i) Ownership and right granted to the GI holders</li><li>ii) Registered GI in India</li></ul>	
	c.	Explain the following :	(08 Marks)
		i) Famous Industrial Designs	
		ii) Generic GI and Homonymous GI	(06 Marks)
		OR	
10	a. h	Explain the classification of Industrial Designs.	(06 Marks)
	b. с.	Explain the procedure for GI registration. Explain about the enforcement of IPR in India.	(08 Marks) (06 Marks)
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	Explain the classification of Industrial Designs.			(06 Marks)
b.	Explain the procedure for GI registration.			(08 Marks)
c.	Explain about the enforcement of IPR in India.	202		(06 Marks)
			and the second	(00 1/14/145)



### Fifth Semester B.E./B.Tech. Degree Examination, Dec.2024/Jan.2025 Environmental Studies

Time: 1 hrs.]

[Max. Marks: 50

### INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

- 1. Answer all the fifty questions, each question carries one mark.
- 2. Use only Black ball point pen for writing / darkening the circles.
- 3. For each question, after selecting your answer, darken the appropriate circle corresponding to the same question number on the OMR sheet.
- 4. Darkening two circles for the same question makes the answer invalid.
- 5. Damaging/overwriting, using whiteners on the OMR sheets are strictly prohibited.

1.	Environment means	
	a) A beautiful landscape	b) Industrial production
	c) Sum total of all condition	d) None of these
	, Con	
2.	The term ecosystem was introduced by	
	a) Hackel b) Odum	c) Tansley d) All of these
3.	The ecological pyramid that is always up	
	a) Pyramid of energy	b) Pyramid of biomass
	c) Pyramid of number	d) None of these
	-th -	, CA
4.	5 th June is observed as	Alexandre in the second
	a) World Forest Day	b) World Environment Day
	c) World Wildlife Day	<ul> <li>d) World Population Day</li> </ul>
5.	MoEF means	
5.	a) Ministry of Forest and Energy	b) Ministry of Environment and Forests
	c) Ministry of Fuel and Energy	d) Management of Environment and Forestry
6.	In Aquatic Ecosystem Phytoplankton can	be considered as a
0.	a) Consumer	b) Producer
	c) Macro consumer	d) Micro consumer
	e) Maero consumer	
7.	has Maximum Genetic Div	versity in India.
00	a) Potato b) Tea	c) Mango d) Teak

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wi.

0	Chiples maximum was started to conserve		
8.	Chipko movement was started to conservea) Forestsb) Grasslands	c) Deserts	d) Soil
9.	The sequence of eating and being eaten in a	n eco-system is called	
	a) Food chain	b) Carbon cycle	
	c) Hydrological cycle	d) Anthroposystem	C.
10.	Which of the following is a biotic compone		
	a) Fungi b) Solar Light 🧹	c) Temperature	d) Humidity
		, <u>(</u> 32)	
11.	Hydroelectric Power plant is	1) (	a of our our or t
	a) Non-renewable source of energy	b) Conventional sourc	
	c) Non-conventional source of energy	d) Continuous source	orenergy
12.	Which isotope of uranium is used for the nu	clear fission reaction?	
14.	a) U-234 b) U-235	c) U-238	d) U-233
	a) 0-234 0) 0 235	•) • <b>=</b> =•	.)
13.	A solar cell is an electrical device that conv	verts the energy of light	directly into electricity
	by the	in months	
	a) Photovoltaic effect	b) Chemical effect	
	c) Atmospheric effect	d) Physical effect	
14.	Bhopal gas tragedy occurred in the year	c) 1984	d) 1991
	a) 1986 b) 1990	c) 1904	d) 1991
15.	Wind is beneficial resource of energy as it of	does not cause	122
101	a) Pollution b) Echo	c) Noise	d) Sound
	,		1
16.	Which of the following is not a renewable		•
	a) Wind energy	b) Tidal wave energy	
	c) Solar energy	d) Fossil fuels	
17	Nuclear Power Plant in Karnataka is locate	d at	
17.	a) Bhadravathi b) Kaiga	c) Sandur	d) Raichur
	a) Bhadravadhi (b) Kaiga	c) Sundar	d) Ruionai
18.	In Hydro Power Plants, power is generated	by	
	a) Hot Springs b) Wind	c) Water	d) Solar Energy
19.		1) Number and aging	
	a) Cyclone	b) Nuclear explosion	
	c) Earthquake	d) Volcano	
20.	Radiation is a health hazard because it lead	s to	
201	a) Typhoid b) Cancer	c) Colour blindness	d) Pneumonia
		,	,
21.			
	a) Sewage	b) Industrial effluents	
	c) Discharge from forms	d) All of these	
22.	Which of the following are non-biodegrada	able?	
<i>L L</i> •	a) Plastics	b) Domestic sewage	
	c) Detergents	d) Both a and c	
	A. 2	2 of 4	

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		~0×	
23.	Chlorine can be used a) To kill pathogenic micro organisms c) To clear the turbidity	b) To increase the pH d) All of these	
24.	<ul><li>What does E-waste stand for?</li><li>a) Environment waste</li><li>c) Equipment waste</li></ul>	b) Electronic waste d) None of these	19
25.	The noise is measured in a) Decibels b) Joules	c) PPM	d) NTU
26.	Maximum dissolved oxygen is required by a) Fish b) Bacteria	c) Vegetables	d) All of these
27.	Colorless, odorless and non corrosive air po a) Sulphur dioxide c) Carbon dioxide	ollutant is b) Carbon monoxide d) Ozone	
28.	Which of the following is not a greenhouse a) $CO_2$ b) $CH_4$	gas? c) CFC	d) H ₂
29.	For the survival of fish in a river stream, th a) 3 PPM b) 4 PPM	e minimum do is prescri c) 5 PPM	bed d) 10 PPM
30.	Water pollution can be minimized by a) Releasing sewage to ocean c) Treating wastewater	b) Releasing effluent t d) None of these	o wasteland
31.	Global warming could effect a) Climate c) Melting of glaciers	b) Increase in sea leve d) All of these	1
32.	The primary cause of acid rain around the a) Carbon dioxide c) Carbon monoxide	world is b) Sulphur dioxide d) Ozone	
33.	Acid rain effects on a) Materials b) Plants	c) Soil	d) All of these
34.	Ozone layer is present in a) Troposphere c) Mesosphere	b) Stratosphere d) Thermosphere	
35.	Ozone layer absorbs a) UV rays b) Infrared rays	c) Cosmic rays	d) CO
36.	The Fluoride concentration for prevention a) 3 mg/L b) 2 mg/L	of dental caries is c) 1 mg/L	d) 4 mg/L
37.	D.D.T is a a) Fungicide b) Pesticide	c) Fertilizer	d) Disinfectant
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38.	When trees are cut, amount of oxygen a) decreases b) increases	c) both a and b	d) remains same
39.	World ozone day is being celebrated on a) September 5 th b) October 15 th	c) September 16 th	d) September 11 th
40.	The effect of acid rain a) Reduces soil fertility c) Skin cancer	b) Increases atmosphered d) Causing respirator	
41.	Which among the following is not related a) CAD b) ARC GIS	to GIS software? c) RC VIEW	d) STAAD PRO
42.	GIS stands for a) Geographic Information System c) Geological Information System	b) Generic Informatic d) Geographic Inform	•
43.	Among the following car component? a) Keyboard b) Arc GIS	n be expressed as an c) Autocad	example of hardware d) Digitalization
44.	The basic requirement of any sensor syst a) Spatial resolution c) Radiometric Resolution	em is b) Spectral Resolutio d) All of these	n.
45.	IS 14000 standards are for the a) Quality Management System c) Administration	b) Environmental Ma d) Supply Chain	nagement System
46.	<ul><li>What is the main objective of secondary</li><li>a) To remove the suspended particles</li><li>b) To remove the contaminants</li><li>c) To remove the BOD</li><li>d) To remove the organic material</li></ul>	treatment of sewage plan	ts?
47.	Which of the following is the un agency a) WHO b) FAO	on health? c) UNESCO	d) WTO
48.	What is the full form of NGO's? a) Non-governmental Organizations c) No Governance Organizations	b) Non Governance ( d) Null Governmenta	
49.	When did green peace founded? a) 1965 b) 1967	c) 1968	d) 1971
50.	When did the Bombay Natural History S a) 1857 b) 1868	ociety (BNHS) founded? c) 1883	d) 1897
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