18CS51

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2023 Management and Entrepreneurship for IT Industry

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

1 a. Define Management. List and explain roles of a manager.

(10 Marks)

b. List and analyze the different steps involved in planning.

(10 Marks)

OR

2 a. Define organization. Explain the nature and purpose of an organization.

(10 Marks)

b. Explain in brief sources of recruitment and steps in the selection procedure.

(10 Marks)

Module-2

3 a. Explain Maslow's need hierarchy theory of motivation along with its merits and demerits.
(10 Marks)

b. Analyze the following leadership styles:

(i) Traits approach

(ii) Behavioural approach

(10 Marks)

(iii) Contingency approach.

OF

4 a. What is communication? By make use of a diagram explain the importance of communication.

(10 Marks)

b. Analyze the different steps in controlling.

(10 Marks)

Module-3

5 a. Define Entrepreneur. Explain the characteristics of an entrepreneur.

(10 Marks)

b. Explain the functions of Entrepreneur.

(10 Marks)

OR

a. Analyze the various stages in Entrepreneurial process.

(10 Marks)

b. Write an explanatory note on the following:

(i) Barries to Entrepreneurship.

(10 M

(ii) Entrepreneurship in India.

(10 Marks)

Module-4

7 a. List and explain various factors to be considered for selection of a project.

(10 Marks)

b. What is ERP? Explain the importance of ERP.

(10 Marks)

OR

8 a. What is a project report? List and explain the different guidelines provided by the planning commission for the preparation of project report. (10 Marks)

b. Write short notes on:

(i) Supply chain management.

(ii) Types of project report.

(10 Marks)

1 of 2

2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8=50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

Module-5

- Explain the following:
 - **KSFC** (i)
 - (ii) **KSSIDC**
 - **TECSOK** (iii)
 - (iv) **NSIC**

(10 Marks)

Explain characteristics and advantages of micro and small enterprise. (10 Marks)

OR

- Write a short note on: 10
 - Five years plan (i)
 - Sri N.R. Narayana Murthy (ii)

(10 Marks)

What is Intellectual property? Why promote and protect intellectual property? b.

(06 Marks)

Discuss objectives of KIADB.

(04 Marks)

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2023 Database Management Systems

Time: 3 hrs.

b.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

1 a. With neat diagram, describe "Three Schema Architecture" and "Data Independence".

(06 Marks)

Discuss the different types of user friendly interfaces and the types of user who typically use each.

(06 Marks)

c. With a neat diagram, explain the component modules of DBMS and their interactions.

(08 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Explain with the block diagram, the different phases of database design. (06 Marks)
 - b. Draw an ER diagram of Banking Database. Assume your own entities (minimum 4), attributes and relationships. Specify 3NF tables. (14 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Briefly discuss different type of update operations on relational database. Show an example of a violation of the referential and entity integrity in each of the update operation. (08 Marks)
 - b. Consider the two tables. Show the result of the following:

| | 11 | |
|----|-----|---|
| A | В | C |
| 10 | a | 5 |
| 15 | b | 8 |
| 25 | a | 6 |
| | 400 | |

| | T_2 | 100 |
|----|-------|-----|
| P | Q | R |
| 10 | b | 6 |
| 25 | c | 3 |
| 10 | b | 5 |

T₁ \longrightarrow T_2 \longrightarrow $T_1 \cdot B = 7_2 \cdot Q$

iii) $T_1 = T_2$ $(T_1 A = T_2 \cdot P) \text{ AND } (T_2 C = T_3 \cdot R)$

c. List and explain the characteristics of Relations.

(08 Marks) (04 Marks)

ii) Super key

OR

i) Primary keyiii) Foreign key

a.

Define the following:

iv) Candidate key.

(04 Marks) (06 Marks)

b. Discuss all the forms of ALTER Commands with example.

c. Consider the following tables:

Works (Pname, Cname, Salary)

Lives (Pname, Street, City)

Located – in (Cname, City)

Write the following queries in Relational algebra:

- i) List the names of the people who work for the Company 'Wipro' along with the cities they live in.
- ii) Find the names of the persons who do not work for 'Infosys'.
- iii) Find the people whose salaries are more than that of all of the 'Oracle' employees.
- iv) Find the persons who works and lives in the same City.
- v) Find the names of the companies that are located in every city where the Company Infosys is located. (10 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Describe the six clauses in the syntax of an SQL retrieval query. Show what type of constructs can be specified in each of six clauses. Which of the six clauses are required and which are optional?

 (04 Marks)
 - b. How are Triggers and Assertions defined in SQL? Explain.

(06 Marks)

c. Consider the following tables:

Branch (Bname, Bcity, Assets)

Account (Accno, Bname, Accbal)

Loan (Loan no, Bname, LoanAmt)

Customer (Cname, Cstreet, CCity)

Depositer (Cname, Accnum)

Borrow (Cname, Loannum)

Write the following queries in SQL:

- i) Find all loan numbers for loans made at cantonment branch with loan amounts greater than 20000.
- ii) Find the names of all customers whose street address includes 'Main'.
- iii) Find the average balance for each branch, if average balance is greater than 12000.
- iv) Find the Customers who have an account, at all the branches located in "Mysure".
- v) Find all Customers who do not have loan at the bank, but do have an account. (10 Marks)

OR

6 a. How is view created and dropped? What problems are associated with updating view?

b. What is Cursor? With program segment, explain retrieving of tuples with embedded SQL in C.

c. Explain the concept of Create, Passing parameter, Call stored procedure from JDBC.

(08 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Briefly explain the informal design guidelines used as measure to determine the quality of relations schema design.

 (08 Marks)
 - b. What do you mean by Closure of Attributes? Write an algorithm to find closure of attributes.

c. Given below are two set of FDs for a relation R(A, B, C, D, E). Are they equivalent?

- i) $A \rightarrow B$, $AB \rightarrow C$, $D \rightarrow AC$, $D \rightarrow E$
- ii) $A \rightarrow BC$, $D \rightarrow AE$.

(06 Marks)

OR

What do you mean by Multivalued Dependency? Explain the 4NF with example. (06 Marks) b. Define First, Second and Third Normal forms by taking an example.

(06 Marks)

c. Consider the following Relation R(A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J) with $FDs\{A,\,B\} \rightarrow C \ , \ A \rightarrow \{D,\,E\} \ , \ D \rightarrow J \, , \ B \rightarrow \{F,\,G\} \, , \, F \rightarrow \{H,\,I\}.$ How would you Normalize completely?

(08 Marks)

Module-5

Describe the problems that occur when concurrent execution uncontrolled. Give examples. 9

Explain the transaction support in SQL.

(06 Marks)

c. Consider the three transactions T₁, T₂ and T₃ and schedule S1 & S2 given below. Determine whether each schedule is serializable or not? If serializable, write down the equivalent serial schedule (S).

 T_1 : $R_1(x)$, $R_1(z)$, $W_1(x)$;

 $S_1 \; : \; R_1(x) \; \; , \; \; R_2(z) \; \; ; \; \; R_1(z) \; \; ; \; \; R_3(x) \; \; ; \; \; R_3(y) \; \; ; \; \; W_1(x) \; \; ; \; \; W_3(y) \; \; ; \; \; W_2(y) \; \; ; \; \; W_2(z) \; \; ; \; \; W_2(y) \; ; \; \; W_2(y) \; ; \; W_3(y) \; \; ; \; W_3(y) \;$

 $S_2 \; : \; R_1(x) \; ; \; R_2(z) \; ; \; R_3(x) \; ; \; R_1(z) \; ; \; R_2(y) \; ; \; W_1(x) \; ; \; W_2(z) \; ; \; W_3(y) \; ; \; W_2(y) \; ;$ (08 Marks)

OR

What is Schedule? Explain Conflict and view Serializibility schedule with example. 10

Briefly discuss the two phase locking protocol used in concurrency control. b.

Briefly explain ARIES recovery process.

(06 Marks) (06 Marks)

(08 Marks)

18AI56

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2023 Mathematics for Machine Learning

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- a. Define the linear dependent and linear independent of the vector space V(F). Also show that the set of vectors $(1 \ 0 \ 1)$, $(1 \ 1 \ 0)$ $(-1, \ 0, \ -1)$ is linearly dependent in $V_3(IR)$. (06 Marks)
 - b. Solve the system of equations and also show that the solution is unique.

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 3$$

$$x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 = 2$$

$$2x_1 + 3x_3 = 1$$
.

(06 Marks)

- c. For the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$. Determine the linear transformation
 - $T: V_3(IR) \rightarrow V_2(IR)$ relative to the basis B_1 and B_2 of $V_3(IR)$ are $V_2(IR)$.
 - i) $B_1 = \{(1\ 1\ 1)\ (1\ 2\ 3)\ (1\ 0\ 0)\}$

ii)
$$B_2 = \{(1, 1) (1, -1)\}$$

(08 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Define:
 - i) An inner product space
 - ii) Projection of two vectors u and v
 - iii) Orthogonal vectors
 - iv) An orthogonal set.

(08 Marks)

b. Solve by using the Gaussian elimination method

$$2x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3 = 12$$

$$4x_1 + 11x_2 - x_3 = 33$$

$$8x_1 - 3x_2 + 2x_3 = 20$$

(06 Marks)

c. Obtain the matrix of linear transformation $T: V_2(IR) \rightarrow V_3(IR)$, defined by T(x, y) = (x + y, x, 3x - y) with respect to the basis B_1 and B_2 where $B_1 = \{(1, 1), (3, 1)\}$ and $B_2 = \{(1, 1, 1), (1, 1, 0), (1, 0, 0)\}$.

Module-2

3 a. Show that the given vector form an orthogonal basis for R^3 also express 0 as a linear combination of the basis vector, write the coordinate vector $[W]_B$ of W with respect to the

basis
$$B = \{\vec{V}_1, \vec{V}_2, \vec{V}_3\}$$
 of R^3 where $V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -1\\0\\-1 \end{bmatrix}$ $V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 3\\6\\3 \end{bmatrix}$ $V_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 3\\-3\\3 \end{bmatrix}$ $W = \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix}$.

(08 Marks)

b. Reduce the matrix to diagonal form

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 11 & -4 & -7 \\ 7 & -2 & -5 \\ 10 & -4 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (06 Marks)

c. If $v = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$ and $u = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ then find the orthogonal projection of v on to u and the orthogonal set. (06 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Find the singular value decomposition [SVD] of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. (10 Marks)
 - b. Show that the Eigen values of the following matrix are all equal, and also find the corresponding eigen vector.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -7 & -5 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (10 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. A particle moves along the curve $\vec{r} = t^2 \hat{i} t^3 \hat{j} + t^4 \hat{k}$, where 't' is the time. Find the magnitude of tangential component of its acceleration t = 1. (06 Marks)
 - b. If U = x + y + z, $V = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$, W = xy + yz + zx, then prove that grad u, grad v, grad w are coplanar. (06 Marks)
 - c. If $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + \exp(x^2)} + \cos(x^2 + \exp(x^2))$ find $\frac{df}{dx}$. Using the following computation graph and the intermediate variables a, b, c, d where $a = x^2$, $b = \exp a$, c = a + b, $d = \sqrt{c}$, $e = \cos c$, f = d + e.

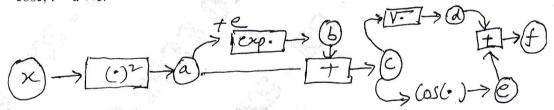


Fig.Q.5(c)

(08 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. If the directional derivative of $\phi = axy^2 + byz + cz^2x^3$ at (-1, 1, 2) has a maximum magnitude of 32 units in the direction of parallel to y-axis find a, b, c. (08 Marks)
 - b. Define gradient of a vector valued function consider the function $h: R \to R$ h(t) = (fog)t $f: R^2 \to R$ and $g: R \to R^2$, if $f(x) = \exp(x_1 \ x_2^2) \ x = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = g(t) = \begin{bmatrix} t \cos t \\ t \sin t \end{bmatrix}$ then compute gradient of h with respect to t.

Module-4

a. State and prove Baye's theorem on conditional probability.

(08 Marks)

- b. Let A and B be two events, which are not mutually exclusive and are connected with random experiment. Given that P(A) = 3/4 P(B) = 1/5 $P(A \cap B) = 1/20$ then find: i) $P(A \cup B)$ ii) $P(A \cap B)$ iii) $P(A \cap B)$ iv) P(A/B) and P(B/A). (06 Marks)
- c. A random variable x has the following probability distribution:

| X | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|------|---|---|----|----|----|----------------|--------|------------|
| P(x) | 0 | K | 2K | 2K | 3K | K ² | $2K^2$ | $7K^2 + K$ |

Find: i) Value of K

ii) P(x < 6) iii) $P(x \ge 6)$

(06 Marks)

OF

8 a. Test whether the following function is a density function $f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-x}, & x \ge 0 \\ 0, & x < 0 \end{cases}$ if so determine

the probability that the variate having its density function will fall in the interval (1, 2).

(08 Marks)

- b. The length of the telephone conversation in a booth has been an exponential distribution and found on an average to be 5 minutes. Find the probability that a random call made from this booth i) Ends in less than 5 minutes ii) Between 5 and 10 minutes. (06 Marks)
- c. Define binomial distribution and find the binomial probability distribution which has mean 2 and variance 4/3. (06 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. By using gradient descent method (steepest method) for $f(x_1 x_2) = x_1 x_2 + 2x_1^2 + 2x_1x_2$ has the optimal solution starting from the point (0, 0) carry out four iterations. (12 Marks)
 - b. Use Lagrange's multiplier, find the dimension of the rectangular box, which is open at the top of maximum capacity whose volume is 32 cubic feet. (08 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Given that x + y + z = a where 'a' is a constant, find the extreme value of the function $f(x, y, z) = x^m y^n z^p$. (08 Marks)
 - b. Define a convex and a concave function, test the nature of definiteness by checking its extreme values for the function

$$f(x_1, x_2) = x_1^3 + x_2^3 + 2_1^2 + 4x_2^2 + 6$$
.

(06 Marks)

c. Determine whether the function $f(x) = x \log_2 x$ is convex or not for x > 0.

(06 Marks)

CBCS SCHEME

| USN | | | | | |
|-----|--|--|--|--|--|

Fifth Semester B.E Degree Examination, June/July 2023 **Environmental Studies**

| | (| COMMON TO | ALL BRANCE | (ES) |
|------------------------|--|--|--|-------------------------------|
| Γime | e: 2 hrs.] | | | [Max. Marks: 100 |
| | | INSTRUCTION | S TO THE CANI | DIDATES |
| 1. | Answer all the hun | dred questions, eac | h question carries or | ne mark. |
| 2. | Use only Black ba | ll point pen for wr | iting / darkening the | circles. |
| 3. | For each question | n, after selecting | your answer, darl | cen the appropriate circle |
| | corresponding to th | e same question nu | umber on the OMR s | heet. |
| 4. | Darkening two circ | les for the same qu | estion makes the an | swer invalid. |
| 5. | Damaging/overwr | iting, using whiter | ners on the OMR sh | eets are strictly prohibited. |
| 1. | How many parts ar a) One | e there in the forest e | ecosystem? | d) Four |
| 2. | | rest type is mainly de | | st |
| 4. | a) Increase in natureb) Increase in net sc) Plantation by diftd) None of the aboveWhat is not entirely | own area ferent agencies | 2 45° | |
| | a) It is dry and hotc) Without shelter | | b) Waterless d) All of these | |
| 5. | Who have learnt to a) People | live under very hot a b) Plants | and dry conditions c) Animals | d) All of these |
| 6. | c) Water logged we | rain water only tter covered wet grou | | |
| 7. | World Wetland day a) 2 nd | b) 3 rd | ar on February c) 4 th 1 of 8 | d) 15 th |

| | | ~ | | |
|-----|--|---|---|----------------------------|
| 8. | World's most saltiest se a) Mediterranean Sea | | c) Callibben Sea | d) Black Sea |
| 9. | Atmosphere contains 79 a) Volume | 9 percent Nitrogen and b) Weight | 21 percent Oxygen b c) Density | d) All of these |
| 10. | In complex ecosystem (a) Poor | the degree of species d b) High | iversity is c) Medium | d) None |
| 11. | The organisms who direa) Herbivores | ectly feed on producers b) Carnivores | s are called c) Decomposers | d) Sprophytes |
| 12. | Abiotic component incl a) Soil | ludes b) Water | c) Temperature | d) All of these |
| 13. | Which of the following a) Pressure | is the climatic factor b) Humidity | c) Temperature | d) All of these |
| 14. | The basic requirements a) Industrialization | of human beings are p b) Agriculture | rovided by c) Nature | d) Urbonization |
| 15. | Which atmospheric sph a) Troposphere | ere is closest to the ear | th surface? c) Mesosphere | d) Exosphere |
| 16. | A food web consists of a) A portion of a food of b) An organism position c) Interlocking food cha d) A set of similar cons | chain n in a food chain ains | | 459 |
| 17. | The pyramid of energy a) Always upright c) Both uplight and inv | | b) Always inverted d) None of these | |
| 18. | Which is the most stabl a) Mountain | e ecosystem b) Desert | c) Forest | d) Ocean |
| 19. | 'Earth Day' is held eve a) June 5 th | ry year on b) November 23 rd | c) April 22 nd | d) Jan 10 th |
| 20. | Which of the following a) Carbon dioxide | is absorbed by green p | plants from the atmos | sphere? d) All of these |
| 21. | The most commonly us a) Silver iodide | ed chemicals in the art b) Sodium chloride | ificial cloud seeding c) Dry ice | d) All of these |
| 22. | Bhopal disaster is a kin a) Natural disaster | d of b) Manmade disaster | c) None of (a) & (b) |) d) Other |
| 23. | National disaster managa) Prime minister c) Governor of states | gement is headed by | b) President of India d) Chief minister of | |

| 24. | Disaster management in a) Mitigation | ncludes b) Reconstruction | c) Rehabilitation | d) All of these |
|-----|--|---|--|------------------------|
| 25. | Floods can be prevented a) Attorestation c) Tilling the land | d by | b) Cutting the forest d) Removing the top | |
| 26. | Which of the following a) Crude oil | is not a type of primar b) Coal | y source c) Hydrogen energy | d) Sunlight |
| 27. | Which of these energy a) Coal and Gasoline | resources are widely us b) Wood | sed in industries? c) Biogas | d) Crop residue |
| 28. | What does OTEC stand a) Ocean thermal energ b) Ocean thermal energ c) Ocean techno energy d) Ocean thermal energ | y cultivation y conversion conversation | | |
| 29. | What is the basic requir a) Reservoir | ement for hydro electr b) Turbine | ic power station? c) Power house | d) Penstock |
| 30. | Photovoltaic cell conve a) Heat energy | rts solar energy into b) Electrical energy | c) Mechanical energ | gy d) Chemical energy |
| 31. | Which of the following a) Coal | is non-renewable resorb) Forests | urce? c) Water | d) Wildlife |
| 32. | Both power and manure a) Nuclear plants | e is provided by : b) Thermal plants | c) Biogas plants | d) Hydroelectric plant |
| 33. | At what range of speed a) $100 - 125$ Mph | is the electricity from tb) 450 – 600 Mph | | |
| 34. | What is used to turn wina) Turbine | nd energy into electrica b) Generator | al energy c) Yaw motor | d) Blades |
| 35. | What type of energy is a) Renewable | wind energy? b) Non-Renewable | c) Conventional | d) Commercial |
| 36. | How is OTEC caused? a) By wind energy c) By solar energy | 49 | b) By geothermal er d) By gravitational t | |
| 37. | Series of parallel combi | nation of the solar cell b) Solar light | is known as c) Solar sight | d) Solar eye |
| 38. | Materials used for maki | ng solar cell is b) Carbon | c) Sodium | d) Magnesium |
| 39. | Quarries are generally a) Open pits c) Underground mines | | b) Surface coal mind) Explosive mines | es |

| 40. | When the minerals are a) Open pit method | located to deep in the g b) Quarries | ground, the method us c) Surface mining | sed for mining is d) Sub surface mining |
|-----|--|---|---|---|
| 41. | Major pollution causing a) Man c) Hydrocarbon gases | g agent is | b) Animals d) None of these | |
| 42. | The result of ozone hol a) Acid rain | e is b) UV radiations | c) Global warming | d) Green house effect |
| 43. | Which of the following a) Air pollution | g causes out break of jab b) Water pollution | undice c) Thermal pollution | n d) Soil pollution |
| 44. | Minamata disease caus a) Mercury c) Tin | ed by pollution of wate | er by b) Lead d) Methyl ISD Cyar | nate |
| 45. | Noise is measured usin a) Hertz | g sound meter and the b) Decibel | unit is c) Joule | d) Sound |
| 46. | Air pollution causes a) Global warming c) Soil erosion | | b) Respiratory prob d) None of these | lems |
| 47. | Intake of lead may prin a) Brain | narily cause damage of b) Liver | the c) Lung | d) Kidney |
| 48. | According to WHO ma a) 100 mg/L | aximum permissible lev b) 600mg/L | vel of chlorides in dri c) 800mg/L | nking water is d) 200mg/L |
| 49. | The main source of war a) Sewage water c) Acid rain | ter pollution is | b) Industrial polluta d) None of these | nts |
| 50. | What is the health effect a) Fluoros's | cts of excess fluoride ir b) Toothaches | drinking water c) Lung disease | d) Brain problem |
| 51. | Bacteria and micro org | - | r will cause in c) Brain tumor | human and animals d) Cancer |
| 52. | Why it is difficult to re a) It is very hard b) It comes in different c) It is adhesive d) It contains different | sizes | 6 | |
| 53. | The disposable wastes a) Solids | contain b) Slurries | c) Liquids | d) All of these |
| 54. | Identify the following (a) Plastic | ones which can be recy b) Wood | cled many times c) Aluminum | d) Organic materials |
| 55. | Noise pollution limits a a) 80 dB | nt residential area b) 45 dB | c) 90dB | d) 120dB |

| 56. | Which of the following a) Glass | make e-waste hazardo b) Plastic | us in nature c) Lead | d) Iron |
|-----|--|---|--|-----------------------------|
| 57. | What is the hazardous pa)Barium | oollutant released form b) Arsenic | LED's? c) Cobalt | d) Cadmium |
| 58. | What is the hazardous pa) Arsenic | b) Cadmium | batteries? c) Copper | d) Cobalt |
| 59. | What proportion of hea a) 25% | lth care waste is hazard b) 15% | lous waste c) 50% | d) 80% |
| 60. | What is the hazardous va) Barium | waste released from tele b) Copper | ephones c) Lithium | d) Lead |
| 61. | Which of the following a) Atmosphere | contains most water b) Biosphere | c) Ground water | d) Lakes and Rivers |
| 62. | Hard water contains lar a) Lead | ge amount of b) Sodium | c) Calcium | d) Silicon |
| 63. | Water that is good enough Potable water | igh to drink is called _ b) Ground water | c) Surface water | d) Artesian water |
| 64. | The pH value of acid ra a) 5.7 | in water is b) 7.0 | c) 8.5 | d) 7.5 |
| 65. | The primary cause of ac a) CFC | eid rain around the wor b) SO ₂ | c) CO | d) O ₃ |
| 66. | Acid rain can be contro a) Reducing SO ₂ and N b) Reducing oxygen em c) Increasing number of d) Increasing the forest | O ₂ emissions hissions f lakes | | |
| 67 | The effect of acid rain a) Reduces soil fertility b) Increases atmospheri c) Causing respiratory p d) Skin cancer | c temperature | | |
| 68 | Major compound respo a) Oxygen | nsible for the destruction b) CFC | on of stratospheric oz c) CO ₂ | zone layer is d) Methane |
| 69. | Ozone layer thickness i a) PPM | s measured in b) PPB | c) Decibles | d) Dobson units |
| 70. | Normal average thickness a) 5 PPM | ess of stratospheric ozo b) 300 DU | ne layer across the g | lobe is around d) 500 DU |
| 71. | Chloro Fluro Carbon's a) Non-toxic c) Non Carcinogenic | (CFC) are | b) Non – Flammable d) All of these | e |

| 72. | Breathing radon over the | me causes | | |
|------------|---|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| | a) Lung cancer | b) Oral cancer | c) Skin cancer | d) All of these |
| 73. | Radon gas is | | | |
| | a) Inert | b) Colorless | c) Odorless | d) All of these |
| 74. | Ozone depletion causes | 2 | | |
| 7 - 1 - 1 | a) Snow blindness | , | b) Photochemical s | smog |
| | c) Acid rain | | d) Vomiting | |
| 75. | World ozone day is ob | served on | | |
| 13. | a) November 16 | b) October 16 | c) Jan 16 | d) September 16 |
| | <i>e</i> | | And Resident | 7 1 |
| 76. | A great way to reduce | acid rain is | | |
| | a) Use of solar power | | | |
| | b) Use of wind powerc) User of hydropower | | | |
| | d) All of these | | *** | |
| | d) Thi of those | | | |
| 77. | Ozone layer was first d | iscovered over | | |
| | a) Arctic | | b) Antarctical | |
| | c) Tropical Region | eller page | d) Africa | |
| 78. | Animal husbandry resu | lts in | | |
| 70. | a) Global warming | | b) Acid rain | |
| | c) Ozone depletion | | d) None of these | |
| | | , (A) | | |
| 79. | Formation of ozone lay | | | |
| | a) Rosenmund reaction | | | all a |
| | b) Henderson's reactionc) Chapman's reaction | n. | | |
| | d) Perkin's reaction | | | |
| | d) I CIRIII 3 ICUCUOII | | | |
| 80. | The main cause of acid | 7 Maria | | |
| | a) Soil pollution | b) Water pollution | c) Air pollution | d) All of these |
| 81. | Remote sensing technic | nua makas usa of nr o | nerties of | |
| 01. | a) Electric waves | que makes use of pro | b) Sound waves | |
| | c) Electromagnetic way | ves | d) Wind waves | |
| | | | | |
| 82. | The attitude distance of | | | |
| | a) 26,000 km | b) 30,000 km | c) 36000 km | d) 44000 km |
| 83. | The changes in the refl | ectivity/emissivity w | ith time is called | |
| | a) Spectral variation | | b) Spatial variation | 1 |
| | c) Temporal variation | | d) None of these | |
| 0.4 | Which are of the fellow | wise helps to find ab | icata an tha conth aunt | 200 |
| 84. | Which one of the followal Atmospheric window | • | b) Signature | 100 |
| | c) Radiometric error | vY | d) None of these | |
| | o, Radiomedic circl | | a) I tollo of those | |
| 85. | Orbital radius of GPS s | | <u> </u> | |
| | a) 15000km | b) 26600km | c) 18400km | d) 36100km |

| 86. | GIS stands for a) Geographic Informa b) Generic Information c) Geological Informat d) Geographic Informa | System ion System | | |
|-----|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 87. | GIS deals with what kina) Numeric data | nd and data b) Binary data | c) Spatial data | d) Complex data |
| 88. | Among the following _ | is example of har | rdware | |
| | a) Arc GIS | b) Auto CAD | c) Digitization | d) Mouse |
| 89. | Among the following v | which do not come und | er components of GI | S? |
| | a) Hardware | b) Software | c) Compiler | d) Data |
| 90. | The relation between v | elocity, wave length ar | nd frequency is | |
| | a) $\lambda = cf$ | b) $\lambda = c/f$ | c) $\lambda = c^2 f$ | $d) \lambda = c f^2$ |
| 91. | A short – term EIA (Er | nvironmental Impact A | ssessment) has a time | e period of |
| | a) 2 – 5 years | b) 10 – 15 years | c) 5 – 10 years | d) 5 – 7 years |
| 92. | EIA commenced in the | year | | |
| | a) 1960's | b) 1890's | c) 1880's | d) 1950's |
| 93. | How many strategies a | re there in EIA | | 49 |
| | a) 5 | b) 3 | c) 2 | d) 4 |
| 94. | Which is the first Corenvironment? | untry to pass the Amo | endment in the Parl | iament to safeguard the |
| | a) India | b) Brazil | c) China | d) Denmark |
| 95. | ISO 14000 standards a | re for the | | |
| | a) Quality Managemen | | | |
| | b) Environmental Manc) Administration | agement System | | |
| | d) Supply Chain | | | |
| 96. | <u> </u> | ving is the most celebr | rated environmental | activist in contemporary |
| | India? | | | |
| | a) Anna Hazareb) Medha Patkar | | | |
| | c) Vasundhara Raje d) Arvind Kejrival | | | |
| | , | | | |
| 97. | What is the full form o | | | |
| | a) Non – Governmentab) No Governance Org | | | |
| | c) Non-Governance Or | ganization | | |
| | d) Null Governmental | Organization | | |

- **98.** When did Green peace founded
 - a) 1965
- b) 1967
- c) 1968
- d) 1971
- 99. When did Wild Protection Act included in the Constitution of India.
 - a) 1980
- b) 1972
- c) 1920
- d) 1992
- 100. When did World Nature Organization (WNO) be established?
 - a) 2000
- b) 2001
- c) 2010
- d) 2014

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