Second Semester M.Tech. Degree Examination, June/July 2019 Advanced Algorithms

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

a. Explain the various types of asymptotic notations with an example.

(08 Marks)

b. What is recurrence? Solve the recurrence using substitution method.

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } n = 1 \\ 2T(n/2) + n & \text{if } n > 1 \end{cases}.$$

(08 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Use recursion tree method to solve the recurrence $T(n) = 3T(n/4) + Cn^2$. (06 Marks)
 - b. State the Maser theorem and solve the following recurrence relations using Master theorem. $T(n) = 3T(n/4) + n \lg n$. (04 Marks)
 - c. What is amortized analysis? What are the common techniques used in amortized analysis? Explain any two techniques with an example. (06 Marks)

Module-2

3 a. Using Bellman – Ford algorithm, find the shortest path from the source vertex '5' to the remaining vertices in the graph shown in the Fig.Q3(a). (08 Marks)

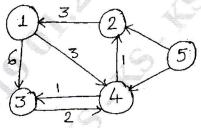


Fig.Q3(a)

b. Write the Johnson's algorithm to solve all - pair shortest path problem for sparse graphs with example. (08 Marks)

OR

4 a. Write and explain the algorithm for recursive FFT. Also determine its running time.

(08 Marks)

b. Explain Ford-Fulkerson method for solving the maximum flow problem.

(08 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Write Extended Euclid algorithm and compute the values (d, x, y) that call the Extended Euclid(299, 221). (08 Marks)
 - b. Write and explain algorithm to solve modular linear equation. Also find all solutions to the equation: $35x \equiv 50 \pmod{55}$.

OR

- 6 a. Use Chinese remainder theorem to find all solutions to the equation : $x \equiv 3 \pmod{5}$ and $x \equiv 4 \pmod{7}$. (08 Marks)
 - b. Consider an RSA key set with p = 11, q = 29, n = 319 and e = 3, what value of 'd' should be used in the secret key? What is the encryption of the message M = 100? (08 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Write and explain the Rabin-Karp string matching algorithm. working modulo q = 11, how many spurious hits does the Rabin-Karp matcher encounter in the text:

 T = 3 1 4 1 5 9 2 6 5 3 5 8 9 7 9 3 when looking for the pattern p = 26? (08 Marks)
 - b. Construct the string matching automation for the pattern p = a a b a b and illustrate its operation on the text string T = a a a b a b a a b a a b a a b a a b. (08 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Write the Knuth Morris Pratt algorithm for string matching. Compute the prefix function π for the pattern a b a b b a b b a b b a b b a b b. (08 Marks)
 - b. Write the Naïve string matching algorithm. Show the operation of the same, for the pattern in the text $T = 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1$. (08 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Explain randomizing deterministic algorithms taking linear search algorithm as an example.
 (08 Marks)
 - b. Write an algorithm for testing polynomial equality using Monte Carlo algorithm (08 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Explain Monte Carlo and Las Vegas algorithms wit appropriate examples. (08 Marks)
 - b. Write a note on probabilistic numerical algorithms. (08 Marks)

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